Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The Road to Revolution: French and Indian War

Guided Notes

**Regulating Trade in the 13 Colonies**

In 1651, British parliament passed a series of acts called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to support \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

These acts stated:

1. Shipments from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had to go through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ first.
2. Any \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had to come in ships built and owned by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_subjects.
3. The colonies could sell key products (like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) only to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Colonial Self-Governments**

Legislature: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was the first legislature in the 13 colonies. It governed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

By 1760, all British colonies had a legislature of some kind. These legislatures did not always get along with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in England.

**The French and Indian War Begins**

As the British settlers pushed into the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_valley, the French settlers pushed back. This also threatened Native American settlements in the region.

In 1754, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ colonists in Virginia tried to take a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Fort in this region (Fort Duquesne). This was led by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(only 21 years old at the time).

Washington’s troops attacked and defeated a small French force, but a larger French army arrived and forced Washington to surrender.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ vs. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The Albany Congress**

The British wanted the colonies to unite to defend the territory and invited the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tribes to this meeting to try to form an alliance against the French, but the Iroquois \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to form an alliance.

**The Albany Plan of Union**

Benjamin Franklin wanted a council of representatives from each colony to be able to make decisions regarding the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, relations with Native Americans, and other \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (organizing armies and collecting taxes).   
Colonial legislatures rejected this plan, but this served as a model for the later \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**The British Turn the Tide**

War initially goes poorly for\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1758, French retreat into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Iroquois decide that French cause is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, shift sides

1759, British invade New France and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Quebec.

**Treaty of Paris – 1763**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the French and Indian War

France gave New France East of Mississippi River to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

France gave New France West of Mississippi River to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

British returned Cuba in exchange for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Effects of the French and Indian War**

1. France loses its North American \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. Britain is left with a large \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. Colonists develop a sense of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. Colonists begin settling in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Valley.
5. Native Americans \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ colonists in the Ohio River Valley.